

## Bahasa Inggris UMPTN 1997 Rayon C

### Text I

Throughout history man has changed his physical environment in order to improve his way of life. With the tools of technology he has altered many physical features of the earth. He has transformed woodlands and prairies into farmlands and made lakes and reservoirs out of rivers for irrigation purposes or hydroelectric power. Man has also modified the face of the earth by draining marshes and cutting through mountains to build roads and railways.

However, man's changes to the physical environment have not always had beneficial result. Today pollution of the air and water is an increasing danger to the health of the planet. Each day thousands of tons of gases come out of the exhausts of motor vehicle; smoke from factories pollutes the air of industrialized areas and the surrounding areas of the countryside. The air in cities is becoming increasingly unhealthy.

The pollution of water is equally harmful. In the sea, pollution from oil is increasing and is killing enormous numbers of algae, fish, and birds. The whole ecological balance of the sea is being changed. The same problem exists in rivers. Industrial wastes have already made rivers lifeless.

Conservationists believe that it is now necessary for man to limit the growth of technology in order to survive on earth.

01. The writer's main purpose in writing the text is to \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) show the advantages of modern technology.
- (B) explain why exhausts of cars are dangerous.
- (C) discuss how the tools of technology can improve man's way of life.
- (D) warn us against the harmful effects of air and water pollution.
- (E) point out how man has modified the face of the earth

02. According to the text air pollution may occur in the following locations *except* \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) the surroundings of industries
- (B) big cities crowded with cars
- (C) the countryside near factories
- (D) the harbors where oil tankers anchor
- (E) housing areas close to manufacturing plants

03. The first paragraph tells us about the effects of technology on \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) the history of man
- (B) water reservoirs
- (C) the physical features of the earth
- (D) Improvements in man's lives
- (E) the construction of railroads

04. According to the text, which of the following is the cause of water pollution ?

- (A) Oil refineries
- (B) Algae, fish, and bird
- (C) Factory wastes
- (D) Thousands of tons of gases
- (E) Ecological balance

05. We may conclude that the writer is in favour of \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) restricting the growth of technology
- (B) altering the ecological harmony of the sea
- (C) modifying the face of the earth by building transport facilities
- (D) reventing human beings from using technology
- (E) killing fish and birds that pollute the sea

### Text II

*We are already using up our fossil fuel reserves of coal, oil and natural gas. These fuels took millions of years to create. They are our precious capital and can never be replaced. They should be preserved for purposes for which it is difficult to find alternatives. In future we will need to utilize our energy sources and save our capital. By linking the same energy network which powers the weather and climate, we might be able to use the sun, wind, waves, and tides to help satisfy our energy needs. These are renewable sources. They serve as new sources and will never run out.*

06. The writer's intention to write the text is to explain about \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) fossil fuel reserves
- (B) the creation of fossil fuels
- (C) energy powering weather and climate
- (D) renewable energy sources
- (E) the running out of coal and oil

07. The advantage of renewable energy over fossil fuel energy is that renewable energy \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) is easy to produce
- (B) is never exhausted
- (C) requires less capital
- (D) creates natural gas
- (E) is found everywhere

### Text III

*Most Western European countries have a wide variety of political parties. Although having many choices available to the voting public is a sign of healthy democracy, it can also cause serious political problems. It is difficult to educate voters fully about all of the different political philosophies and goals. Moreover, the presence of so many parties can lead to government instability because the cooperation of several different parties is often needed to form coalition governments.*

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08. In the above paragraph the writer wants to show the reader that \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) democracy is created in a country with many parties
- (B) it is difficult for people to understand the philosophy of politics
- (C) the presence of many parties in a country will solve political problems
- (D) stability will be achieved if a country has many political parties
- (E) there are disadvantages of having many political parties in a country.

09. What is needed to form a coalition government?

- (A) Differences in political philosophies and goals of parties.
- (B) The agreement of different parties to work together.
- (C) An educated voting public in a democratic country.
- (D) The availability of only one party in a country.
- (E) A government which has a wide variety of political parties.

#### Text IV

*A few years ago a shortage of natural gas drove prices sky high. Likewise gasoline prices rose when demands \_\_\_10\_\_\_ supplies. A large supply in the oil market drove price back down. The \_\_\_11\_\_\_ of supply and demand functioned according to textbook description in the case of oil, but the \_\_\_12\_\_\_ is different in the current natural gas market. Natural gas consumers are finding their heating bills more of a burden than last year. \_\_\_13\_\_\_ a dramatic increase in supplies. There is so much natural gas available that many suppliers are closing down their plant for lack of a market and it is \_\_\_14\_\_\_ that some suppliers are even burning off their surplus gas now.*

- 10. (A) weakened
  - (B) exceeded
  - (C) descended
  - (D) increased
  - (E) exaggerated
- 11. (A) principal
  - (B) scale
  - (C) subject
  - (d) law
  - (E) arrangement
- 12. (A) situation
  - (B) period
  - (C) requirement
  - (D) influence
  - (E) environment
- 13. (A) whereas
  - (B) therefore
  - (C) as long as
  - (D) in order to
  - (E) in spite of
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14. (A) predicted  
(B) insured  
(C) rumored  
(D) assumed  
(E) hoped
15. Why don't you ask your sister to come along with us to the movie?  
I did, but she \_\_\_\_\_ stay at home.
- (A) used to  
(B) might  
(C) can  
(D) could  
(E) would rather
16. I didn't hear the thunder during the storm last night because I \_\_\_\_\_ soundly.
- (A) have been sleeping  
(B) had slept  
(C) am sleeping  
(D) was sleeping  
(E) have slept
17. My uncle doesn't earn much; \_\_\_\_\_, he can send his children to college.
- (A) however  
(B) and  
(C) therefore  
(D) so  
(E) hence
18. The school master had the students \_\_\_\_\_ their lessons before the exam.
- (A) to review  
(B) reviewing  
(C) review  
(D) reviewed  
(E) they review
19. She is trying to lose weight by drinking \_\_\_\_\_ beverages.
- (A) artificially sweetened  
(B) artificial sweets  
(C) artificial sweetening  
(D) sweetened by artificial sugar  
(E) sweetened artificially
20. My friend Hasan is considering \_\_\_\_\_ school before finishing it because of financial reasons.
- (A) he leaves  
(B) about leaving  
(C) he wants to leave  
(D) in leaving  
(E) leaving
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21. "When did you realize that you had lost your purse ?"  
"When I \_\_\_\_\_ money to pay the bus fare."
- (A) was needing
  - (B) needed
  - (C) had needed
  - (D) have needed
  - (E) am needing
22. The number of illiterate people in our country \_\_\_\_\_ drastically.
- (A) to decrease
  - (B) decrease
  - (C) has decreased
  - (D) they decrease
  - (E) it decreases
23. That vase is such a beautiful antique that people were willing to pay a lot for it at the auction. From the sentence we may conclude that \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) people do not like antique
  - (B) that vase is too expensive
  - (C) many people buy such a vase
  - (D) the vase is very precious
  - (E) it is a very modern vase
24. " I can't read this letter. I don't understand French at all."  
" I don't either, but let's \_\_\_\_\_. "
- (A) translate it
  - (B) have it translated
  - (C) to translate
  - (D) have traslated it
  - (E) have to translate
25. \_\_\_\_\_ Michael Douglas a good actor is his ability to play the role of different characters so well.
- (A) That makes
  - (B) Whether making
  - (C) What makes
  - (D) Which makes
  - (E) In order to make
26. The president director agreed that the performance of the company has not been good these past few years.  
In fact, its organization \_\_\_\_\_ now for improvements.
- (A) restructured
  - (B) is restructuring
  - (C) is to restructure
  - (D) is being restructured
  - (E) restructuring

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27. There were plenty of tickets left for the concert. We \_\_\_\_\_ have bought them in advance.
- (A) couldn't  
(B) shouldn't  
(C) might not  
(D) musn't  
(E) wouldn't
28. Having switched off the lights, \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) it was the door he locked  
(B) the door was locked  
(C) this locked the door  
(D) the door was locked behind him  
(E) he locked the door
29. Students \_\_\_\_\_ will be awarded scholarships.
- (A) who pass with excellent grades  
(B) they pass with excellent grades  
(C) they who pass with excellent grades  
(D) pass with excellent grades  
(E) to pass with excellent grades
30. Thank you for reminding me to send in my application forms. \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) I wouldn't miss the deadline if you reminded me  
(B) I wouldn't have missed the deadline if you had reminded me  
(C) I will miss the deadline if you don't remind me  
(D) I would have missed the deadline if you hadn't reminded me  
(E) Had you reminded me, I wouldn't have missed the deadline